Cultivar differences in root development and depth of forage legumes

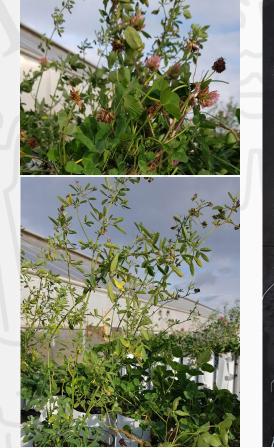
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Background

Root system development and function

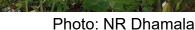
Crop resource use efficiency



Climate resilience

Forage legumes are not investigated much for the **root traits**, and knowledge of cultivar differences in **root system development and function** is lacking

More knowledge on **belowground traits** is important for future breeding of resource-efficient and climate-resilient forage legumes



Environmental impacts

Objectives

To investigate cultivar differences in root growth and depth over time of the three important forage legumes:

Red clover (Trifolium pretense L.),

White clover (Trifolium repens L.), and

Lucerne (Medicago sativa L.)

To support **future breeding** of more robust, climate and environmentally friendly forage legumes

Material and method

Rhizotube experiment

 \square 2 m and 0.5 m tall and Ø: 10 cm

Lucerne (LU)	Red clover (RC)	White clover (WC)
Cigale	Elara	Silvester
Musette	Amos	DLF TRF 3536
Mezzo	Callisto	Brianna

Measurements

- Early establishment
- □ Root system architecture
- □ Root growth development

(Root depth, imaging, and image analysis with **RootPainter** software)



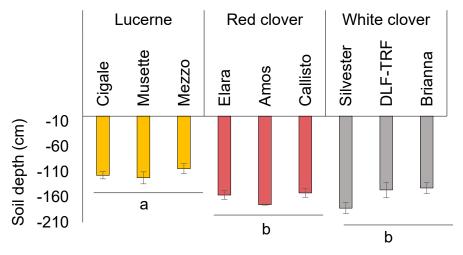


Tubes at crop harvest at 118 days after transplanting (DAT)

Results

- Differences in early root architecture between species and cultivars
- Faster initial root growth of Lucerne (Lucerne > Red clover > White clover)
- Deeper root depth of white clover

White clover = Red clover > Lucerne

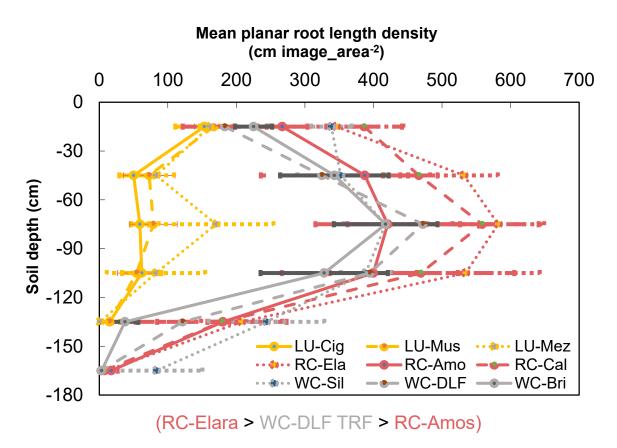


Maximum root depth at 118 DAT

The deepest root depth of the white clover cv. Silvester (1.82 m)

Planar root length density (pRLD)

Red clover = White clover > Lucerne at 0.3 to 1.2 m soil depths (p<0.001)



pRLD determined from the root images taken in 2 m rhizotron tubes at 118 DAT

Conclusions

- Differences in root growth between the species and cultivars of red clover, white clover and Lucerne
- Contrary to the general perception, deep root growth of white clover
- Insights into the deep-root development of three forage legumes, with implications for future breeding
- Ongoing study to validate the rhizotron study in the field and in 4 m tall rhizoboxes, including root function studies based on tracer uptake.



4 m tall rhizoboxes (root towers)

Field plots

19/08/2024

7

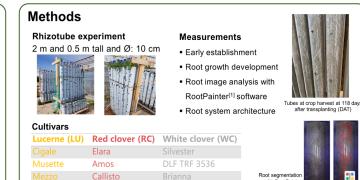
Poster: S4-14

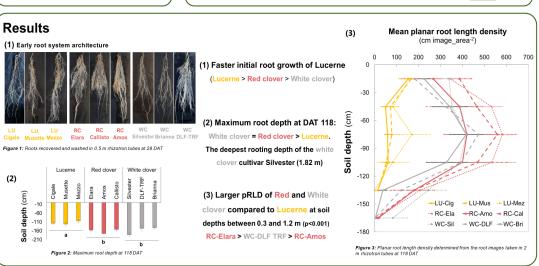
Cultivar differences in root development and depth of forage legumes

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Introduction

Root system development and depth are key to efficient resource use and improved crop agronomic and environmental performances. However, forage legumes are not bred for the belowground traits, and knowledge of cultivar differences in root system development and function is lacking. We investigate cultivar differences in root growth and depth over time of the three important forage legumes: red clover (Trifolium pretense L.), white clover (Trifolium repens L.), and lucerne (Medicago sativa L.)





Conclusions

[1] Smith et al. (2022) RootPainter: deep learning segmentation of biological

mages with corrective annotation. New Phytologia

Soil

(2)

Contrary to the general perception, our results showed deep root growth of white clover. The study provides insights into the deep-root development of three forage legumes, with implications for future breeding. The rhizotron study is currently being validated in the field and in 4 m tall rhizoboxes, including root function studies based on tracer uptake.





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